







LOW-CARB DIET GUIDE

The Nutrition Unit

TO FOLLOW A LOW-CARB DIET (gold list)

Eat your carbs in moderation from high fiber carb foods such as:

- **LENTILS**
- BEANS
- VEGETABLES
- WHOLE GRAINS
- WHOLE FRUITS

Note: For some, fruit is a healthy substitute for a sugary snack and processed food.

TO FOLLOW A VERY LOW-CARB DIET (blue list)

ELIMINATE all foods from the orange list (including whole fruits)

CHOOSE 1 to 2 options from the gold list

HAVE all your food from the blue list

CONSIDERATIONS

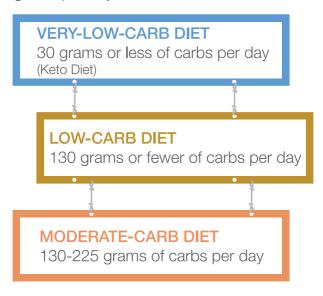
Consult your healthcare professional and dietitian to decide:

- If this type of diet suits you
- Which option suits you best
- How to help you adjust your medication accordingly





a law-carb diet means reducing your carbohydrate (carbs) intake to less than 130 grams per day.



TIPS

First, start with eliminating your carb intake from unhealthy sources of carbs:



SUGARY DRINKS / SMOOTHIES **FRUIT JUICES**



CAKES / PASTRIES / BISCUITS / CHIPS

LOW-CARB FOODS

DO NOT INCREASE BLOOD SUGAR LEVEL

Meat (lamb, beef) Vegetables (leafy greens) Chicken Tomatoes (tomato paste)

Avocado Fish Cucumbers Salmon Tuna Carrots

Shrimps Okra

Green Beans Eggs

Cheese (all types) Broccoli Labnah Cauliflower Olives Zucchini Oils Eggplant Seeds Asparagus

Mushrooms Nuts Coconut Oil Onion & Garlic

Butter & Margarine

MEDIUM-CARB FOODS

EAT IN MODERATION, **CONTAIN FIBER & PROTEIN**

Lentils Laban Green peas Yogurt

Raspberries Beans (white, red) Black-eyed beans Blackberries Fava beans Blueberries Chickpeas Strawberries

Edamame Plums

Milk

HIGH-CARB FOODS

100% CARBS AND INCREASE **BLOOD SUGAR LEVEL**

Bread (white-flour, corn, oat)

Rice (white, brown)

Pasta (white, brown)

Wheat

Biscuits

Pumpkin

Corn

Potato (regular, sweet)

Fruits (fresh, dried)

Raisins

Dates

Juices (fresh, canned)

Sugar (white, brown, fruit)

Honey

Maple



A VARIETY OF FOOD CAN HELP MAKE MEALS MORE ENJOYABLE. YOU MAY WISH TO DEVELOP A LIST OF



tasty low-carb options & recipes.

Ask your dietitian for low-carb recipes.



Consult your dietitian to guide you on how to choose your sources of carbs and how to count your carbs using helpful tools to ensure you are maintaining your carbohydrate intake limit per day.

Following a low-carb diet plan increases your intake of fat. Consult your dietitian to guide you in consuming good fat and avoid bad fat such as trans-fat and saturated fat.

BENEFITS

A low-carb diet can help some people with type 2 diabetes better manage their blood sugar level and reduce their HbA1c level.

Carbohydrates are broken down into sugar in your body and raise blood sugar level more than other foods, and the body needs insulin to manage the increase in blood sugar level. Reducing carb intake may help stabilize blood sugar level and could also help in avoiding weight gain.

According to research, a low-carb diet benefits adults with obesity and those with type 2 diabetes who need to lose weight.

This diet is not recommended for you if you have type 1 diabetes as there is no strong evidence that following a low-carb diet is safe or beneficial in these cases.

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